Repairing and Rebuilding After a Disaster

Publications, Contacts, and Preparations for Survivors

HENA



What is Mitigation?



HAZARD MITIGATION

Mitigation is defined as taking an action now to reduce future risk.

For example, a mitigation action is tying your shoe to prevent you from tripping and hurting yourself; purchasing a flood insurance policy to help you recover faster from a flood event.

Why is Mitigation Important?

Mitigation breaks the cycle of disaster damage, reconstruction and repeated damage. Hazard mitigation includes long-term solutions that reduce the impact of disasters in the future.

Who can you talk to about Mitigation?

Community Education and Outreach (CEO) may be able to help you find ways to reduce your risk of future damages.

You can reach a specialist by phone or email, 833-FEMA-4-US or 833-336-2487 or <u>FEMA-LAMit@fema.dhs.gov</u>

Clean Up

Knowing how and what to clean up after a disaster is essential. Below you will find links to lead you to help you in your efforts.

- **Cleaning Up Safely**
- How to Safely Clean Up Mold
- Webinar Clean Up and Mold Remediation
- Webinar Selecting a Contractor
- Salvaging Water-Damaged Family Valuables and Heirlooms
- Hiring a Contractor

PICKING UP THE PIECES

Following these specific guidlines when hauling hurricane-related debris and household garbage to the curb will make for a speedier removal process

RONG

CROSSING THE LINE

Any debris placed from the sidewalk toward your property will not be picked up. Contractors cannot collect items on private property.

PROPPING UP

Do not set debris against trees or poles. Doing so makes it harder for cleanup crews to scoop up the items

Homeowners and businesses are being asked to separate debris into the following categories:

HOUSEHOLD GARBAGE

- Bagged trash
- Discarded food Packaging, papers
- All garbage should be
- placed curbside the night before the scheduled weekly pickup.

CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS Building materials Drywall Lumber Carpet Furniture Mattresses

Plumbing

VEGETATION DEBRIS Tree branches Leaves > Logs

Batteries Pesticides
 Paints Cleaning supplies Compressed gas

Oils

HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE

HELPFUL HINTS

- Limit curbside garbage to two 32-gallon containers or eight trash bags
- Share piles with neighbors
- Refrigerator and freezer doors must be secured with duct tape
- (5) 'WHITE' GOODS

Dishwashers

>

- Refrigerators Washers, dryers
 - Freezers Air conditioners
 - Stoves Water heaters
- Computers > Radios Stereos DVD players Telephones

ELECTRONICS

Televisions

STAFF GRAPHIC BY DAN SWENSON

Before making repairs and/or rebuilding, talk to your local building officials and Floodplain Manager.

- Mitigation Actions to Take Now
- Building Science Resources to Assist with Reconstruction after a Hurricane
- Reconstruction After an Extreme Wind Event







- Using Flood Resistant Materials When **Repairing/Rebuilding**
- **Reducing Flood Risk in Homes that Cannot be Elevated**
- Protecting Your Home and Property from Flood Damage
- **Additional Building Science Publications**
- Wind Retrofit Guide for Residential Buildings
- Residential Tornado Safe Room Doors
- **Building a Safe Room for Your Home or Small Business**

FEMA Building Science Resources to Assist with Reconstruction after a Hurricane

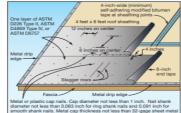
FEMA has produced numerous publications detailing best practices for natural hazard mitigation ociated with hurricane impacts. This flyer summarizes a few of the readily available publications and resources that can be used by homeowners as well as design and construction professionals during reconstruction following hurricanes.

Recovery Advisories

These publications are released after major disasters, when FEMA's Mitigation Assessment Teams (MATs) have conducted forensic investigations of building performance and publish the results in various publications. Recovery Advisories presen une results in various publications. Recovery Advisories present guidance on design, construction, and restoration of buildings in areas subject to the effects of the particular disaster. All Recovery Advisories are available on FEMA's website at https:// www.fema.gov/emergency-managers/risk-management/ buildingscience/mitigation-assessment/

Technical Bulletins

These builtetins provide guidance on complying with the minimum building performance requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). NFIP regulations are contained in Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations Section 60.3. The builtetins help state and local officials interpret the NFIP regulations and are also useful resources for homeworks, insurance agents, building professionals, and designers. The Technical Bulletins are available at https://y gov/emergency-managers/risk-management/building-science/national-flood-insurance-technical-builteting



FEMA P-499, Home Builder's Guide to Coastal Construction Fact Sheets

These 37 fact sheets provide technical guidance on constructing residential buildings in coastal environments and improving building performance in these areas subject to flood and wind forces. The fact sheets include information on planning, foundations, load paths, wall systems, openings, roofing, attachments, and repairs. FEMA P-499 is available online at https://www.fema.gov/emergency-managers/risk-management/building-science/hurricanes.

FEMA P-312. Homeowner's Guide to Retrofitting: Six Ways to Protect Your Home from Flooding This guide provides clear information for homeowners who want to learn how to protect their homes from flo and receive guidance about flood mitigation options. The guide is written for people with little or no experier flood protection or construction and explains floodproofing. FEMAP-312 is available online at https://www.fe emergency-managers/risk-management/building.science/hurricanes.

FEMA P-804, Wind Retrofit Guide for Residential Buildings

This guide explains how to improve the wind resistance of existing one- and two-family dwellings for enhanced performance during high-wind events in coastal regions. FEMA P-804 is available online at https://www.fema. emergency-managers/risk-management/building-science/high-winds. ww.fema.gov/



ber 2020 1



FEMA

Federal Emergency Management Agency



- Elevating Your Flood Prone Home
- Protecting Your Manufactured Home from Flood and Other Hazards
- Protecting Building Utilities from Flood
 Damage



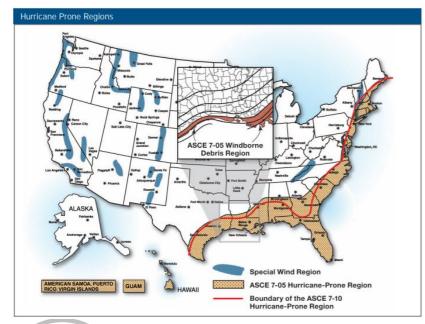




Federal Emergency Management Agency

- Homeowner's Guide to Retrofitting to Reduce
 Flood Damage
- Home Builder's Guide to Coastal Construction

 flood and wind ideas for mitigation action
- <u>Best Practices for Minimizing Wind and Water</u>
 <u>Infiltration Damage</u>
- <u>Retrofitting Homes to be More Wind</u> <u>Resistant</u>









Federal Emergency Management Agency

Flood Insurance

- Flood Insurance Policy <u>Recently Expired?</u> Contact Your Insurance Agent
- How to File a Flood
 Insurance Claim
- Flood Insurance Claims Handbook









Federal Emergency Management Agency

Flood Insurance

- What Are the Flood
 Insurance Requirements if I
 Received Federal Disaster
 Assistance?
- Why Do I Need Flood Insurance?



MYTH

You can't buy flood insurance if your property has flooded before.

FACT

You are still eligible to purchase flood insurance after your home, apartment or business has been flooded, as long as your community participates in the National Flood Insurance Program.







Federal Emergency Management Agency

Be Ready for the Next Disaster



Know what your flood risks are, speak to a Specialist at the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) Customer Care Center can help you with questions about flood maps and insurance. You can call 877-336-2627 or email FEMAMapSpecialist@risk mapcds.com

- Are you financially ready for the next disaster? Use the <u>Emergency Financial</u> <u>First Aid Kit</u> to make your plan now.
- Download the FEMA App
 on your phone so you can
 have the latest disaster
 information at your finger
 tips and mitigation
 information.
- If you don't have flood insurance, talk to your insurance agent, and visit <u>www.floodsmart.gov</u> to learn more.





Federal Emergency Management Agency

State and Local Resources

Call **2-1-1** – for food, clothing, shelter, financial assistance, and referrals to community agencies

Other links to find information are listed below:

- Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness for assistance -<u>https://gov.louisiana.gov/page/delta-</u> <u>resources</u>
- https://www.weather.gov/lix/
- http://gov.louisiana.gov/
- <u>http://gohsep.la.gov/</u>





Contact Us

Speak to a Community Education and Outreach (CEO) Specialist to talk about ways to reduce your risk of future damages.

- 833-FEMA-4-US or 833-336-2487
- <u>FEMA-LAMit@fema.dhs.gov</u>

To apply for or follow up on your claim for FEMA Assistance:

- 800-621-FEMA (800-621-3362)
 Or Login to
- <u>www.disasterassistance.gov</u>





FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE GREENSHEET FEMA EM-3547-LA and DR-4570-LA (Hurricane Delta)



Environmental and Historic Preservation Guidance

As a condition of Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) funding, projects must be reviewed for compliance with all applicable environmental laws, regulations, and executive orders (EOs). This "Greensheet" provides you, the Applicant, with guidance on FEMA's Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) review process to help you understand your obligations to ensure that all Federal and State compliance requirements are met and how compliance may impact project funding. FEMA EHP staff is available to answer questions and direct you to other resources as needed.

Federal Laws and Executive Orders Routinely Encountered During Review

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) Clean Water Act (CWA) Endangered Species Act (ESA) Clean Air Act (CAA) Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) EO 11988 Floodplain Management EO 11990 Wetlands Protection

Environmental Compliance and Federal Funding

NEPA requires Federal Agencies to assess the environmental and cultural effects of their actions prior to making funding decisions. NEPA incorporates other environmental and historic preservation laws, regulations, and executive orders into the final consideration of the proposed project and its potential alternatives. FEMA has developed several levels of environmental review to streamline the types of projects commonly funded for disaster recovery. A clear scope of work is needed to determine the level of review required under NEPA which can impact project timelines. Some projects may require additional regulatory permitting or consultation with State, Federal, Local, or Tribal entities. FEMA EHP will advise applicants on what to expect during the review process. This guidance includes information regarding many, but not all, of the laws routinely addressed during disaster recovery project review. The Applicant has several compliance responsibilities that may be required before funding can be approved or work can proceed. Failure to comply with applicable Federal, State, and local environmental and historic preservation laws could jeopardize or delay potential funding.

Debris and Hazardous Materials

Debris cleanup must be documented from removal to final disposition. For debris taken to a permitted landfill, the location and permit number for the landfill should be included in the project worksheet. It is important to note, the removal of root balls must be approved by FEMA EHP prior to removal. Temporary emergency staging sites for the stockpiling, reduction, and/or burning of disaster debris must be approved by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) and the Louisiana State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). Applicants are required to complete the LDEQ Emergency Debris Site (EDS) Request Form and the SHPO Site Request Form and fax or email the appropriate form to each agency. Once approved, the forms will be returned to the Applicant. The applicant must provide FEMA with the approved forms. If sandbagging has been used, it should be determined if the bags have become contaminated. If so, they must be disposed of in a licensed landfill. Debris must never be staged in a wetland area, even temporarily. Debris can be temporarily staged, stockpiled, or burned in a floodplain during emergency situations when no other alternative is available. However, when the initial emergency is over, the debris or resulting ash must be removed from the floodplain. In order to stage, stockpile, or burn debris in a floodplain, a floodplain permit must be obtained from the local or state floodplain administrator. Debris removal from wetlands should be coordinated with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and may require FEMA consultation with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). Burn permits may be required by some municipalities.

The debris site request forms and other resources can be found here: https://www.deg.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=disaster-debris-management Hazardous materials must be disposed of in a manner consistent with all State, Local, and Federal laws. For any debris and/or building demolition containing asbestos, accreditation and disposal approvals may be needed. For these situations, an applicant should **contact the LDEQ**. The applicant is responsible for obtaining and complying with all required permits. Asbestos Disposal Verification Forms (ADVF) and guidance can be obtained at: https://www.deg.louisiana.gov/page/hurricane

Animal carcasses may be disposed of using either cremation or burial. For cremation, methods include either incineration or air-curtain pit burning. Incinerators shall be dual burning Type 4 (human and animal remains) approved for use within the state. Air curtain pit burning incorporates an earthen pit and blower which is precisely configured to properly function. Ashes resulting from cremation are considered a solid waste and may be buried on site if soils and water table conditions allow. If conditions are not suitable for onsite burial, ashes will be disposed of in an approved landfill. In either case, the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) and Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry (LDAF) will be contacted before burning and/or burying carcasses.

Coastal Areas

Projects located in mapped Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) areas or Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) units may require additional consistency review or consultation with the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources (LDNR) Office of Coastal Management or USFWS prior to FEMA approval. The Applicant is responsible for obtaining any required approvals or Coastal Use Permit(s) (CUP) prior to the commencement of work. The LA CZMA maps and information can be found here:

http://www.dnr.louisiana.gov/assets/OCM/CoastalZoneBoundary/CZB2012/maps/Revised CZB with Contact Info.pdf If you don't know whether the proposed activity will occur within the Louisiana Coastal Zone Management Area, or if you are in the Louisiana Coastal Management Area but think the proposed activity may be exempt from Coastal Use Permitting or Authorization, you can use LDNR's self-determination tool: http://sonris-www.dnr.state.la.us/gis/Permit/

Most new or substantially improved residences, businesses, or other developments in the CBRS are not eligible for certain federal funding and financial assistance, including coverage under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The CBRA Mapper can be accessed here: https://www.fws.gov/cbra/Maps/Mapper.html.

Work in or near Water or Wetlands

Projects that involve work in or near water or wetlands, including dredging or filling, in-stream debris removal, bank stabilization, mitigation measures, or changes to culverts, crossings, or bridges, may require a permit from USACE. The applicant is responsible for coordinating and obtaining any required approvals or permits from USACE prior to the commencement of work.

Bridge Permits

The U.S. Coast Guard has jurisdiction over bridges that cross navigable waters of the U.S. Permits for construction and certain types of repair activities are administered through the Bridge Administration Program. Obtaining permits is the responsibility of the applicant. Unless it is an emergency action, i.e., immediate threat to life or property, obtaining permits must be procured prior to initiating construction activity.

Cultural Resources/Historic Properties

Section 106 of the NHPA requires Federal Agencies to take into account the effects of their activities on historic properties prior to the approval of the expenditure of Federal funds. FEMA has an executed Statewide Programmatic Agreement with SHPO and federally recognized Tribes with an interest in Louisiana that allows FEMA to expedite many types of disaster recovery work that have been demonstrated through experience not to have an adverse effect on historic properties. Projects involving facilities or structures that are **45 years** of age or older may require FEMA consultation with SHPO and/or Tribes. All ground disturbing activities, including staging areas and soil borrow sources, must be reviewed by a FEMA Archaeologist and may require FEMA consultation with SHPO and description of all ground disturbing activities is required to complete a review of the project. In the current virtual environment, photographs will be required.

Floodplains and Wetlands

FEMA reviews all projects to determine if they affect or will be affected by the floodplain and/or wetland under Executive Orders (EO) 11988 and 11990. The objective of these Orders is to minimize and/or avoid future impacts to the natural and beneficial values of floodplains and wetlands as well as impacts to facilities repaired or replaced using Federal funds. Projects located within these resource areas may require the use of the "8step" decision making process, requiring public notification and involvement in the consideration of the proposed project and any practicable alternatives. The applicant is responsible for obtaining any required approvals or permits from the local floodplain administrator for any projects located within the floodplain and USACE for projects located in a jurisdictional wetland.

Threatened and Endangered Species and Critical Habitat

Projects that involve work in water or are located within a natural area may have the potential to affect Threatened and Endangered Species or Critical Habitat. Some projects may require additional consultation with USFWS specific to the work to be performed and individual species of concern. The presence of Threatened and Endangered Species or Critical Habitat may affect project design, construction timeframes, or require best management practices to minimize adverse effects. Projects with the potential to affect Federally protected species may require FEMA consultation with USFWS prior to the commencement of work. Federally protected species in your area can be found here: https://www.fws.gov/southeast/lafayette/project-review/. FEMA is able to expedite the review of many types of disaster recovery work which have been demonstrated through experience not to cause adverse affects. Emergency Consultations for locations and/or species under the jurisdiction of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) can be found at at: https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/content/endangered-species-act-emergency-consultations-southeast for and https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/southeast/habitat-conservation/essential-fish-habitat-emergency-ESA consultations-southeast for Essential Fish Habitat.

FEMA EHP

Jeramé J. Cramer EHP Advisor Cell (504) 247-7771 Jerame.cramer@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA EHP

Tiffany Spann Winfield EHP Deputy Advisor Cell (504) 218-6800 tiffany.spann@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA EHP

Adam Borden EHP Deputy Advisor Cell (225) 436-4031 adam.borden@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA EHP

Kevin Jaynes Regional Environmental Officer R6 Office (940) 383-7224 Cell (940) 230-5126 Kevin.Jaynes@fema.dhs.gov

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) NOAA Marine Debris Program Caitlin Wessel Office (251) 222-0276 caitlin.wessel@noaa.gov

US Coast Guard Gulf District 8 Mike Sams Office (504) 2234 Michael.K.Sams@uscg.mil

US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Raul Gutierrez Office (214) 665-6697 <u>Gutierrez.raul@epa.gov</u>

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Michael Lindsey Office (318) 880-7407 <u>Michael.lindsey@usda.gov</u>

Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries Carolyn Michon Office (225) 765-2357 <u>cmichon@wlf.la.gov</u>

Contact Information

Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP) Main Office: (225)-925-7500 Ellen Ibert, MAHR, RPA GOHSEP Problem Resolution Officer <u>ellen.ibert@la.gov</u> Office (225) 334-7748 Cell (337) 208-7602

US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)

Vicksburg District <u>Chief, Regulatory Branch</u> Jennifer Mallard Office (601) 631-7071 regulatory@usace.army.mil

Regulatory Branch Mike Miller Office: (601) 631-5000 regulatory@usace.army.mil

Ft. Worth District Regulatory Branch CESWF-Permits@usace.army.mil

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)

Louisiana Ecological Services Office Mississippi-Basin Region Amy Trahan Office (337) 291-3126 amy trahan@fws.gov

National IPaC Program Coordinator Victoria Foster Office (772) 559-6220 Victoria Foster@fws.gov

Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ)

Linda M. Piper Office (225) 219-3954 linda.piper@la.gov

Permits-Variances & Waivers Air Bryan Johnston

Office (225) 219-3001 bryan.johnston@la.gov

Water Scott Guilliams Office (225) 219-3187 scott.guilliams@la.gov

Waste Yolunda M. Righteous, J.D. Office (225) 219-3576 Yolunda.righteous@la.gov

Asbestos Sheryl Grimmer Office (225) 219-1665 Sheryl.Grimmer@la.gov

New Orleans District <u>Chief, Regulatory Branch</u> Martin S. Mayer Office (504) 862-2255 <u>Martin S. Maver@usace.armv.mill</u>

Eastem Evaluation Section Benjamin Sherman Office (504) 862-2041 Benjamin.C.Sherman@usace.army.mil

Chief, Surveillance and Enforcement Section Robert Heffner Office (504) 862-1288 Robert A. Heffner@usace.armv.mil

Central Evaluation Section Kenneth G. Blanke Office (504) 862-1217 kenneth.g.blanke@usace.army.mil

Louisiana State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)

Debris & Archaeological Concerns Dr. Charles "Chip" McGimsey Office (225) 219-4598 cmcgimsey@crt.la.gov

or Dr. Rachel Watson Office (225) 342-8165 rwatson@crt.la.gov

Standing Structures / HP Concerns Nicole Hobson-Morris Office (225) 342-8172 nmorris@crt.la.gov

Louisiana Department of Natural

Resources (LDNR) Office of Coastal Management/Permits Manager Christine Charrier Office (225) 342-7953 christine.charrier@la.gov

LA Department of Natural Resources/CRS Manager Sara Krupa Office (225) 413-2352 sara.krupa@la.gov

Louisiana Department of

Transportation & Development (DOTD) Floodplain Management State Coordinator Cindy O'Neal Office (225) 379-3005 <u>Cindy.ONeal@la.gov</u>

Department of Environmental Quality Office of Environmental Services Waste Permits Division	LO					
P.O. Box 4313 Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4313 (225) 219-3181	Emergeno Re	DEQ				
(225) 219-3181 Request Form LOUISIANA Your request cannot be approved unless all of the requested information on this form is supplied and accurate. Email form to						
deqdebrisrequest@la.gov or fax to 225-325-8236. Email questions to deqdebrisrequest@la.gov or call 225-364-7901.						
A. Applicant Name (Governmental Agen		OR PRINT				
A. <u>Applicant Name</u> (Governmental Agen	icies only)					
B. <u>Government Type</u> Parish Municipality State	Federal Other, s	pecify	[C. <u>Ager</u>	ncy Interest (AI) Number	
D. <u>Responsible Official</u> (Government Of	ficial who will be respo	nsible for site)	Title			
Mailing Address		City		Zip		
Phone Number:		Email Address:	:			
h d						
E. <u>Debris Site Contact</u> (will receive all n	nail correspondence, m	ust be governm	ent employee)	Title		
Mailing Address		City		Zip		
Phone Number:		Email Address				
F. Physical Location (identify by street n	umber by intersection of	froads or hum	ileage and direct	tion from	n an intersection)	
Is a site map attached (REQUIRED)? Y						
Address:	- ·		City/Zip Code:		Parish:	
Note: The city name must be for the close		-				
detailed directions must be provided from names. Indicate any landmarks and/or mi				~ ~		
names. Indicate any lanamarks and/or mi	te markers, ij necessary	. Кеңпезі ти г	to i ve processeu	withou	a this information.	
G. Site entrance GPS (required) provide		LAT:		LONG		
GPS of where activities will occur on	property (required)	LAT:		LONG	i:	
H. <u>Hours of Operation</u> Hours AM to PM	Days M-F or or M-F or				lly be allowed between the f 8 AM and 5 PM.	
I. Democra J. A. C. Mar (also de all actual						
I. <u>Requested Activities</u> (check all potent	white a	oods	Composting:		vegetative debris	
Staging/ C&D debris Segregation: woodwaste	tires electron	ic waste ive debris	Composing: Chipping & Gi	rinding		
Preparation: white goods Burning: vegetative debris (open) vegetative debris (air curtain destructor)						
*** THIS PORTION OF SECTION I CAN ONLY BE COMPLETED AFTER AN EMERGENCY HAS BEEN DECLARED. ***						
Other Requested Activities (Include debris types and associated activities)						
*Note: Pre-approvals are limited to the approved until after an emergence						
household hazardous waste, orphan		-		-		
emergency has been declared, a new request must be filled out and submitted for approval. Contact the LDEQ prior to						
submitting "Other" requests.						

J. <u>Site Type</u>	YES	NO
Is the site being requested for use as a pre-approved emergency debris site (to be requested <i>before</i> an emergency, can be reused multiple times)?		
Is the site being requested as a temporary emergency debris site (to be requested <i>after</i> an emergency for a single time use)? If yes, list the emergency name or FEMA #.		

K. <u>General Site Questions</u> (The request form cannot be processed without answers to questions 1 – 5.)	YES	NO
1. Was this site approved for use in a prior disaster? If yes, which disaster and when did the disaster occur?		
		п
2. Is the requested site activity (ies) a modification of previously approved activities?	ЦЦ	ш
3. Have the site <u>and</u> surrounding area conditions changed (e.g., added development) since the last prior use? If yes, explain.		П
4. (If requesting burning) Is the site being requested by a municipality?		
Is the site being requested by a parish for a location in another parish?		
If the answer to either is yes, is the site within the applicant's jurisdictional limits?		
• If the site is outside the jurisdictional limits, a parish burn approval <u>must</u> be submitted. The parish burn		
approval should be for the full time burning is expected (e.g., disaster, pre-approval) and should specifically		
state the site location requested before a request for burning will be approved by the LDEQ.		
A copy of the parish burn approval is attached.		
5. Is this a new EDS request, amended request expanding the EDS area, an EDS with no State Historic		
Preservation Office (SHPO) approval, or an EDS with SHPO approval that is five (5) years or older?		
 If yes, fill out a new SHPO site request form on page 4; if no, <u>DO NOT</u> fill out the SHPO approval form but 		
attach a copy of the previous SHPO approval. (A copy may be obtained from LDEQ's EDMS at		
http://edms.deg.louisiana.gov/app/doc/querydef.aspx.)		

L. Siting Criteria (All questions must be answered and explained, as necessary.)	YES	NO
1. Are there nearby residences and/or businesses that will be inconvenienced or adversely affected by use of the site?		П
If yes, explain.	ы	ы
Are there any site safety issues? (e.g., power lines, pipelines)		
If yes, explain.	ш	
3. Are any erosion and/or rainwater runoff control measures needed?	П	
If yes, explain.	ш	
4. Is additional containment necessary for any wastes that have a potential for leaking? (e.g., white goods leaking		
Freon)	Ш	Ш
If yes, explain.		
5. Are the roadways and entrance to the site suitable for trucks hauling debris?	П	
If no, explain.		
6. Is the site fully accessible to fire personnel and equipment?	П	
If no, explain.		
7. Is the size of the site sufficient for its intended use?		
If no, explain.	<u>н</u>	
8. Is the general terrain of the site suitable for the proposed activities?		
If no, explain.	н	
9. Is the proposed site located outside of the 100-year floodplain and wetlands? (The floodplain map used shall be an		
original Flood Insurance Rate Map prepared by FEMA, the Flood Prone Area Map prepared by the US		
Geological Survey or a National Wetlands Inventory map that depicts the limits and elevations of any 100-year	Ц	Ш
floodplain or wetland on or adjacent to the proposed site.)		
If no, explain.		
10. For chipping & grinding, is the proposed site more than 300 feet to residences, businesses, schools, hospitals,	П	
clinics, and roads? If no, explain.	Ц	
11. For burning, is the proposed site more than 1,000 feet to residences, businesses, schools, hospitals, clinics, and	П	
roads? If no, explain.	ы	ш
12. Is the proposed site more than 100 feet to property boundaries and on-site structures?	ы	
If no, explain.	Ц	ш
13. Is the proposed site more than 250 feet to potable water wells?	П	П
If no, explain.	ы	ш
14. Is the proposed site more than 100 feet to nearby surface waters?		
If no, provide the name of the nearest surface water, if it is named.	Ц	Ц
15. Is the proposed site more than 10,000 feet to the nearest airport?		
If no, provide the name of the airport.	ш	Ц

M. <u>Site Operator</u>	Company Name: Telephone Number:	Site Contact Person: Email Address:
N. <u>Site Owner</u>	Name: Telephone Number:	Address: Email Address:

O. Certification of Responsible Official

I certify that I have personally examined and that I am familiar with the information submitted in this request. The information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information.

I certify that the site as described in this request meets the applicable requirements and will comply with the following: 1) the Comprehensive Plan for Disaster Clean-up and Debris Management; 2) the effective Declarations of Emergency and Administrative Order; and 3) the subsequent Authorization for the Emergency Debris Site.

I understand that I am responsible for notifying First Responders (911 Center, Fire & Rescue, Law Enforcement, and EMS) of the site entrance location and activities at this site.

PRINT

DATE

LSHPO Site Request Form

If this is a new EDS request, amended request expanding the EDS area, an EDS with no State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) approval, or an EDS with SHPO approval that is five (5) years or older, fill out the form below and return it to LDEQ with the EDS form. LDEQ will submit the form to SHPO. Once approved SHPO, will return the approved form to the applicant. <u>DO NOT</u> fill out this SHPO approval form if recently approved. Attach a copy of the SHPO approval. (A copy may be obtained from SHPO or LDEQ's EDMS at <u>http://edms.deq.louisiana.gov/app/doc/querydef.aspx.</u>)

Requirements for Debris Activities Involving Ground Disturbance

Requesting Registration as a (check all that apply):

Staging Site Chipping & Grinding Site Composting Site Burn Site Disposal Site

If the creation or use of this emergency staging, chipping & grinding, composting, burning, and/or disposal site will include ground disturbance, including the creation of temporary access roads, burying of debris or burn residual, or will impact structures over 45 years old, the applicant must coordinate with, and receive comments from, the Louisiana Office of Cultural Development, State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), prior to the start of any ground disturbance. Individual certifications are required for each burning, burial, disposal, and/or staging or stockpiling site. Attach a map, in addition to this form, preferably a copy of a USGS 7.5 minute series quadrangle map with the project site location clearly identified.

	Name: Addre					ess:						
Applicant	City: Zip:			Zip:	Parish:							
	Telephone Number:		Fax Number:		Email Ado			Addre	dress:			
Location of	Township []	:	Range			Sect	ion: 		[Quarte]	er-section(s):
Emergency Site (complete one row)	Latitude (decimal degree):			Longitude (decimal degree):								
	UTM Nor	thing:					UTM	Easting	g:			
Site Owner	Name:				Address:							
She Owner	Telephone Number:				Email Address:							
Is a NEW road needed to access the requested site? Yes No If yes, show road on map and provide the following information:												
Road length and widt	th:	and Latitude:		and Longitu	de:	0	or UTN	I North	ing:[and Eastin	g:

Discovery Clause: In the event that archaeological deposits (soils, features, artifacts, other remnants of human activity) are uncovered in urban or rural areas, or if archaeological deposits are found in tree root balls during removal, the project shall be halted and the applicant shall stop all work immediately in the vicinity of the discovery and take reasonable measures to avoid or minimize harm to the finds. The applicant will inform the Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP) immediately at 225-925-7500 and SHPO at 225-342-8170, and will secure all archaeological findings and restrict access to the area. GOHSEP and SHPO will be responsible for notifying the appropriate Native American Tribes if the site is determined to be Native American. Work may not resume until the Applicant is notified by the Division of Archaeology.

In the event that human remains or an unmarked burial site are encountered, under the terms of the Louisiana Unmarked Human Burial Sites Preservation Act (R.S. Statute 8:671), the applicant will immediately stop all work, secure all artifacts and remains, restrict access to the area, and notify GOHSEP, SHPO, and local law enforcement. GOHSEP and SHPO will consult with the appropriate Native American Tribes if the remains are determined to be Native American. No artifacts or human remains will be removed from the site until all parties have consulted to determine the proper course of action. Work may not resume until the Applicant is notified by the Division of Archaeology.

I certify that (Applicant)	is an authorized representative for the site and will comply with all
the above conditions.	

Signature	Print	Date		
Contact Information:	Louisiana State Historic Preservation Off	ice Use ONLY		
Louisiana Office of Cultural Development	I certify that the above referenced site:			
State Historic Preservation Office	will have no effect on known histori	c properties.		
ATTN: Section 106 Reviewer	will have no adverse effect on know	n historic properties.		
P.O. Box 44247	could have an impact to a historic property; further consultation wi			
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4242	SHPO is necessary.			
Telephone: (225) 342-8170				
email: section106@crt.la.gov	SHPO Official	Date		