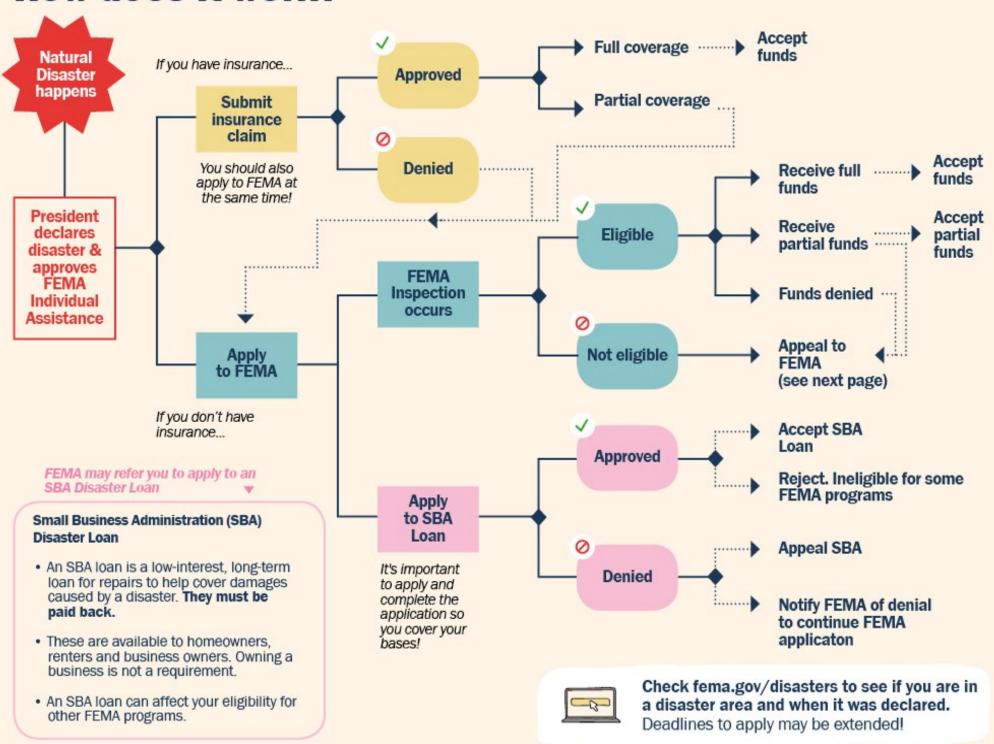
How does it work?



Who can apply?

You or someone in your household must be a:



U.S. citizen or a U.S national (from American Samoa or Swains Island)



A permanent resident/ green card holder or other qualified immigrant, like a refugee or asylee

Know your rights!

For example, you have the right to:

Equal treatment! FEMA cannot discriminate against applicants based on race, color, religion, nationality, sex, age, disability, English proficiency, or economic status

Access to reasonable accommodations, if you have any disabilities

Interpretation in your language or if you're deaf or hard of hearing

Appeal FEMA's decision



How to apply







DisasterAssistance.gov

I-800-621-3362 If you experience hearing loss and use a TTY, call 1-800-427-5593.

Centers
if they have been set up in your area.

	Address of your damaged home (if different from where you live now)
	Proof you are the homeowner or tenant
	Description of your disaster damages
	Insurance information, if you're insured
	Social security number
	Phone number and current address
	Total household annual income pre-disaste
before Kee sub	Take photos of the damages ore any repairs are made! op copies of everything you mit and make a note of all nmunication with FEMA.

After you apply

You will get a 9-digit number for your registration. You'll need this number whenever you contact FEMA. Write it down and keep it in a safe place.



A **FEMA** inspector will come to your home and inspect the damage caused by the disaster.

This inspection can affect the outcome of your FEMA application.

If you move after applying, let FEMA know your new address.



Beware of scams!

During a FEMA inspection When working with make sure you:

- Ask for the inspector's identification. Federal employees will have a government badge to identify themselves
- Do not give your FEMA registration number, as inspectors will have it in their records.
- Never pay for the inspection.

contractors:

- Always use licensed or verified contractors.
- Get everything in writing and have them list their services.
- Never pay more than a third of the costs in advance. Get receipts for any payments made.

If you think someone is scamming you, call the National Center for Disaster Fraud Hotline at 866-720-5721.

How to appeal

You have the right to appeal FEMA's decision if you're denied or need more assistance.



An appeal is a written letter to FEMA asking them to review your application again.

You don't need a lawyer to appeal, but it's helpful. If you can't afford one, go to disasterlegalaid.org to find free legal help.

TIP: Request a copy of your file from FEMA in writing to know how the decision was made. Keep copies of everything you submit in the appeal.



Go to femaappeals.org to create an appeal and learn more.

Don't give up! You should appeal. You have 60 calendar days from the date on the decision letter you get from FEMA.



What to include in your appeal

After you appeal

